

**Amendments to the Claims:**

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application.

**Listing of Claims:**

1. (Currently amended) A method of processing performance information in a data processing system, comprising the steps of:  
receiving an interrupt signal at an interrupt unit of a processor of the data processing system;  
determining if at least one of a pre handler routine and a post handler routine are enabled for an interrupt;  
invoking the pre handler routine to record events at a first instant if the pre handler routine is enabled;  
invoking an interrupt handler routine following execution of the pre handler routine; and  
invoking the post handler routine following execution of the interrupt handler routine to record events at a second instant if the post handler routine is enabled.
2. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein recording events includes recording a plurality of counts.
3. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein recording events includes recording a timestamp.
4. (Original) The method of claim 2, wherein the count represents the number of times an event occurs.
5. (Original) The method of claim 4, wherein the event is selected from the group consisting of cache misses and number of instructions executed.
6. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the first and second instants are associated with first and second timestamps, respectively.
7. (Original) The method of claim 1, further comprising a plurality of pre handler routines and a plurality of post handler routines, wherein each pre handler routine and each post handler routine records a different event on the occurrence of an interrupt.

8. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein recording events includes accumulating a total value of counts.
9. (Original) The method of claim 8, wherein the total value of counts is accumulated by adding counts of events recorded.
10. (Original) The method of claim 8, wherein the total value of counts is displayed in a performance analysis tool.
11. (Original) The method of claim 2, wherein the count is not updated when the pre or post handler routine is invoked.
12. (Currently amended) A method of executing instructions in a data processing system, comprising the steps of:
  - receiving an interrupt signal at an interrupt unit of a processor of the data processing system;
  - determining if at least one of a pre handler routine and a post handler routine are enabled for an interrupt;
  - invoking the pre handler routine to log a trace record at a first instant if the pre handler routine is enabled;
  - invoking an interrupt handler routine following execution of the pre handler routine; and
  - invoking the post handler routine following execution of the interrupt handler routine to log a trace record at a second instant if the post handler routine is enabled.
13. (Original) The method of claim 12, wherein the trace record includes a from address of an instruction indicating where the interrupt occurs.
14. (Original) The method of claim 12, wherein the trace record includes a plurality of counts.
15. (Original) The method of claim 14, wherein the count represents the number of times an event occurs.
16. (Original) The method of claim 15, wherein the event is selected from the group consisting of cache misses and clock cycles.

17. (Original) The method of claim 12, wherein the trace record includes a timestamp.
18. (Original) The method of claim 12, further comprising a plurality of pre handler routines and a plurality of post handler routines, wherein each pre handler routine and each post handler routine logs a different event on the occurrence of an interrupt.
19. (Original) The method of claim 12, wherein the first and second instants are associated with first and second timestamps, respectively.
20. (Currently amended) ~~[[The]]~~ A method of claim 12, executing instructions in a data processing system, comprising the steps of:  
receiving an interrupt signal at an interrupt unit of a processor of the data processing system;  
determining if at least one of a pre handler routine and a post handler routine are enabled for an interrupt;  
invoking the pre handler routine to log a trace record at a first instant if the pre handler routine is enabled;  
invoking an interrupt handler routine; and  
invoking the post handler routine to log a trace record at a second instant if the post handler routine is enabled, wherein the pre handler routine or the post handler routine monitors a count of recorded events to determine if an overflow occurred.
21. (Original) The method of claim 20, wherein the pre handler routine or the post handler routine handles the overflow by reading and resetting the count.
22. (Currently amended) A data processing system, comprising:  
an interrupt unit for receiving interrupt signals;  
a pre handler routine and a post handler routine;  
wherein responsive to receiving an interrupt signal for an interrupt at the interrupt unit, and prior to execution of an interrupt routine, the pre handler routine logs a trace record at a first instant; and  
wherein responsive to completion of execution of the interrupt routine, the post handler routine logs a trace record at a second instant.
23. (Original) The system of claim 22, wherein the trace record includes a from address of an instruction indicating where the interrupt occurs.

24. (Original) The system of claim 22, wherein the trace record includes a plurality of counts.
25. (Original) The system of claim 24, wherein the count represents the number of times an event occurs.
26. (Original) The system of claim 25, wherein the event is selected from the group consisting of cache misses and clock cycles.
27. (Original) The system of claim 22, wherein the trace record includes a timestamp.
28. (Original) The system of claim 22, further comprising a plurality of pre handler routines and a plurality of post handler routines, wherein each pre handler routine and each post handler routine logs a different event on the occurrence of an interrupt.
29. (Original) The system of claim 22, wherein the first and second instants are associated with first and second time stamps, respectively.
30. (Original) The system of claim 24, wherein the count is not updated when the pre or post handler routine is invoked.
31. (Currently amended) ~~[[The]]~~ A data processing system of claim 22, comprising:  
an interrupt unit for receiving interrupt signals;  
a pre handler routine and a post handler routine;  
wherein responsive to receiving an interrupt signal for an interrupt at the interrupt unit, the pre handler routine logs a trace record at a first instant;  
wherein responsive to completion of the interrupt, the post handler routine logs a trace record at a second instant; and  
wherein the pre handler routine or the post handler routine monitors a count of recorded events to determine if an overflow occurred.
32. (Original) The system of claim 31, wherein the pre handler routine or the post handler routine handles the overflow by reading and resetting the count.

33. (Currently amended) A computer program product in a computer readable medium, comprising:  
first instructions for receiving an interrupt signal at an interrupt unit of a processor of the data processing system;  
second instructions for determining if at least one of a pre handler routine and a post handler routine are enabled for an interrupt;  
third instructions for invoking the pre handler routine to log a trace record at a first instant if the pre handler routine is enabled;  
fourth instructions for invoking an interrupt handler routine following execution of the pre handler routine; and  
fifth instructions for invoking the post handler routine following execution of the interrupt handler routine to log a trace record at a second instant if the post handler routine is enabled.
34. (Original) The computer program product of claim 33, wherein the trace record includes a from address of an instruction indicating where the interrupt occurs.
35. (Original) The computer program product of claim 33, wherein the trace record includes a plurality of counts.
36. (Original) The computer program product of claim 35, wherein the count represents the number of times an event occurs.
37. (Original) The computer program product of claim 36, wherein the event is selected from the group consisting of cache misses and clock cycles.
38. (Original) The computer program product of claim 33, wherein the trace record includes a timestamp.
39. (Original) The computer program product of claim 33, further comprising a plurality of pre handler routines and a plurality of post handler routines, wherein each pre handler routine and each post handler routine logs a different event on the occurrence of an interrupt.
40. (Original) The computer program product of claim 33, wherein the first and second instants are associated with first and second timestamps in the trace record, respectively.

41. (Currently amended) ~~[[The]]~~ A computer program product in a computer readable medium of claim 33, comprising:

first instructions for receiving an interrupt signal at an interrupt unit of a processor of the data processing system;

second instructions for determining if at least one of a pre handler routine and a post handler routine are enabled for an interrupt;

third instructions for invoking the pre handler routine to log a trace record at a first instant if the pre handler routine is enabled;

fourth instructions for invoking an interrupt handler routine; and

fifth instructions for invoking the post handler routine to log a trace record at a second instant if the post handler routine is enabled,

wherein the pre handler routine or the post handler routine monitors a count of recorded events to determine if an overflow occurred.

42. (Original) The computer program product of claim 35, wherein the count is not updated when the pre or post handler is invoked.

43. (Original) The computer program product of claim 41, wherein the pre handler routine or the post handler routine handles the overflow by reading and resetting the count.

44. (Currently amended) A method of executing branch instructions in a data processing system, comprising the steps of:

executing a branch instruction of a program;

receiving a signal at an interrupt unit of a processor of the data processing system in response to executing a trap, wherein the trap is executed in response to executing the branch instruction of the program[:];

invoking a pre handler routine prior to execution of an interrupt routine to log a trace record at a first instant in response to receiving the signal;

invoking ~~[[the]]~~ a post handler routine after execution of the interrupt routine to log a trace record at a second instant when the execution of the branch instruction of a program is complete.

45. (Original) The method of claim 44, wherein the trace record includes a from address indicating an address of the branch instruction.

46. (Original) The method of claim 44, wherein the trace record includes a to address indicating an address of branch to instruction.
47. (Original) The method of claim 44, wherein the trace record includes a plurality of counts.
48. (Original) The method of claim 47, wherein the count represents the number of times an event occurs.
49. (Original) The method of claim 44, wherein the trace record includes a timestamp.
50. (Original) The method of claim 48, wherein the event is selected from the group consisting of cache misses and clock cycles.
51. (Original) The method of claim 44, further comprising a plurality of pre handler routines and a plurality of post handler routines, wherein each pre handler routine and each post handler routine logs a different event.
52. (Original) The method of claim 44, wherein the first and second instants are associated with first and second timestamps in the trace record, respectively.
53. (Original) The method of claim 47, wherein the count is not updated when the pre and post handler routine is invoked.